MOTT MACDONALD

Karma Suchan
Yakima County Department of Public Works
Solid Waste Division
7151 Roza Hill Drive
Yakima, WA 98901

Fourth Quarter 2022 Landfill Gas Sampling

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Mott MacDonald
1601 5th Avenue
Suite 800
Seattle
WA 98101
United States of America

T +1 (206) 838 2886
mottmac.com

Dear Karma:

This letter reports landfill gas data collected at Terrace Heights Landfill, Cheyne Landfill, and the Lower Valley Transfer Station (LVTS) on January 10 and 11, 2023 (2022 Q4). This data collection event occurred following the groundwater sampling event due to the availability of a landfill gas meter.

Summary

- *Methane concentrations exceeded 5% by volume (the lower explosive limit, LEL) at Terrace Heights in perimeter probes GP-4S (18.3%) and GP-4M (35.3%). Perimeter exceedances at Terrace Heights are consistent with previous exceedances and are being addressed by Yakima County.*
- *Methane concentrations exceeded the LEL at Cheyne Landfill at interior probe GP-3D (11.7%). Methane concentrations did not exceed the LEL in perimeter gas probes this quarter.*
- *Methane concentrations exceeded the LEL at the Lower Valley Transfer Station at interior extraction wells GW-4 (17.9%), GW-5 (13.0%), GW-8 (8.5%), GW-9 (17.8%), and GW-10 (36.7%). Methane concentrations did not exceed the LEL in the perimeter gas probes.*

Landfill Gas Results

All gas probes sampled by PGG were purged with a portable hand pump immediately prior to sampling. The purge volume was a minimum of three times the casing volume. Each probe was sampled for methane, oxygen, and carbon dioxide volume percent using a Landtec GEM gas meter.

Terrace Heights Landfill

Landfill gas monitoring at Terrace Heights includes 25 probes in 11 separate monuments (Figure 1, Table 1). All gas probes were measured on January 11, 2023 (Figures 2 and 3). Key results include:

- Methane was detected below the LEL in perimeter probes GP-11 (3.4%), GP-10 (0.1%), GP-9 (0.2%), and GP-4D (0.3%).
- Methane was detected above the LEL in perimeter probes GP-4S (18.3%) and GP-4M (35.3%).

Figure 2 shows the methane concentrations in all probes installed prior to 2003 in which methane has been detected. The spike in the June 2000 sampling event may or may not be real. Regardless of the spike, methane was present above LEL along the southern boundary of the landfill from 1995 through August 2005. Methane has been below the LEL along the southern boundary in every sampling event since December 2005.

Twelve gas extraction wells at six separate locations were installed at Terrace Heights in October 2003 (Figure 1). Gas extraction commenced on April 6, 2005. Measurements taken immediately after the gas extraction system was started showed consistently high levels of methane at all well heads. Decreases in methane concentration in gas probes along the southern property line are consistent with removal of methane from the landfill via the gas extraction system. The continued decline in methane concentrations from April 2005 through December 2006 and levels below the LEL from December 2006 through June, 2008 indicate that the gas extraction system has been effective at reducing subsurface methane levels along the southern property boundary. In response to this decline, Yakima Health District approved a request to discontinue quarterly monitoring at GP-6 and GP-7[1] (YHD, 2011). Three additional monitoring probes were completed on November 5, 2010 at locations GP-9, GP-10 and GP-11 to improve monitoring around the perimeter of the facility (Figure 1). Each location has a shallow, middle and deep monitoring interval.

Methane concentrations have been increasing at GP-11S since 2011. Methane at GP-11S (3.4%) did not exceed the LEL in the January 2023 sampling event (Table 1). Methane is routinely detected in the GP-11S, GP-11M and GP-11D intervals near the LEL.

Concentrations at GP-4 have varied above and below the LEL several times since 1996; Methane at GP-4S (18.3%) and GP-4M (35.3%) exceeded the LEL in the January 2023 sampling event but GP-4D did not (0.3%) (Figure 3, Table 1). A pattern of historic detections at GP-4 probes indicates that the landfill gas extraction system along the southern portion of the landfill is not significantly influencing methane concentrations in the northern portion of the landfill. Yakima County installed passive gas vents GV-1 through GV-6 in January 2012 to mitigate landfill gas migration at the northern property boundary (Figure 1).

Continued exceedances along the northern landfill boundary indicate that the passive vent system has not mitigated LFG migration at the northern boundary. Yakima County is currently developing a mitigation approach to address LFG

[1] Quarterly monitoring will resume at GP-6 and GP-7 if methane is detected above 2.5% at any of the GP-3 probes or if the gas extraction system is shut down for a month or more.

migration at the northern property boundary that is consistent with broader landfill gas control objectives at Terrace Heights.

Cheyne Landfill

Monitoring at Cheyne Landfill includes 16 probes in 8 separate monuments (Figure 4). Three additional probes were added in July 2007, shown on Figure 4 as GP-6, GP-7, and GP-8. GP-6-1[2], GP-6-2, GP-7-1, GP-7-2 are included in the current monitoring program, are measured annually, and have not had any detections of methane to date (Table 2). Probes were monitored on January 11, 2023 (Figures 4 and 5). Key results include:

- Methane was detected below the LEL in perimeter probes at up to 0.4%.
- Methane was detected above the LEL in interior area probe GP-3D (11.7%).

Detections above LEL at perimeter gas probes GP-8-1 and GP-8-2 in March 2012 were the first exceedances at those gas probes. Yakima County submitted a Remediation Plan to Yakima County Health to address subsurface methane near GP-8, which was approved on July 31, 2012. Methane exceeded the in GP-8-1 and GP-8-2 LEL again in June 2015 and Yakima County began collection of verification samples according to the Remediation Plan. Verification sampling was concluded on September 29, 2015 with a conclusion that the verification sampling had confirmed exceedance according to the criteria outlined in the Remediation Plan. Yakima County notified the Health District of the confirmation of exceedance in an email dated October 15, 2015 and is pursuing a plan to address the exceedances in communication with the Health District.

The plot of methane concentrations at Cheyne (Figure 5) suggests that levels above the LEL have been present in the landfill since the late 1990s. A large methane spike was detected in the June 2000 sampling event, as was the case at Terrace Heights. Again, the accuracy of the spike is difficult to assess. Regardless of the spike, the methane concentrations in GP-3D and GP-3S appear to have risen above and fallen below the LEL several times since 2002 and have been gradually increasing over time. The temporal pattern of concentrations at GP-3S is similar to GP-3D, but generally at lower concentrations.

Lower Valley Transfer Station

Six gas probes (in three separate monuments), 10 wells in the passive gas collection system, and a flare are sampled quarterly at the Lower Valley Transfer Station (LVTS) (Figure 6, Table 3). Probes were monitored on January 10, 2023. Key results include:

- Methane was detected above the LEL in passive collection wells , GW-4 (17.9%), GW-5 (13.0%), GW-8 (8.5%), GW-9 (17.8%), GW-10 (36.7%).

The flare igniter was not clearly audible prior to sampling. Methane was not detected above the LEL at the flare (0.5%),

[2] These gas probes use a different naming system where GP-6-1 and GP-6-2 indicate the shallow and middle screened intervals, respectively. The -1 and -2 suffixes refer to the port numbers on the top of the Solinst CMT casing.

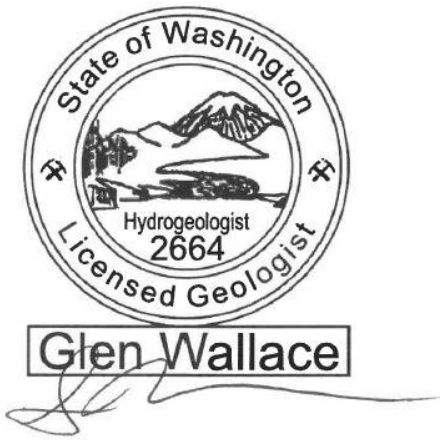
Continued Sampling

Gas monitoring probes at Terrace Heights, Cheyne and LVTS, as well as the passive collection and the flare at LVTS will be sampled again in February 2023.

We trust this information meets your needs. Please feel free to call if you have questions.

Respectfully Submitted,

Mott MacDonald



Glen Wallace, Ph.D.
Associate Hydrogeologist

Attachments:

Table 1	Landfill Gas Monitoring Data, Terrace Heights
Table 2	Landfill Gas Monitoring Data, Cheyne
Table 3	Landfill Gas Monitoring Data, LVTS
Figure 1	Terrace Heights Landfill Site Map
Figure 2	Methane Concentrations at Terrace Heights Southern Boundary Gas Probes
Figure 3	Methane Concentrations at Terrace Heights Perimeter Gas Probes
Figure 4	Cheyne Road Landfill Detailed Site Plan
Figure 5	Methane in Cheyne Gas Probes
Figure 6	Lower Valley Transfer Station Site Map

References:

Yakima Health District, 2011. Letter from Ted Silvestri to Wendy Mifflin, Re: Request to Change LFG Monitoring at Terrace Heights Landfill. February 17, 2011.